(b) if so, when the work had started and by when it was likely to be compile j;

(e) wh'at were the reasons for winch the said work could not be completed wiihin the stipulated period; and

(d) by when Government propose to complete this work and what action Government propose to take against the officials found to be responsible for the delay in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF URBAN DEVELOPMENT (SHRIMATI MOHSINA KIDWAI): (a) and (b) The works lelating to laying of water and sewer lines in J. J. R. Colony, Mochi Bagh (Moti Bagh-II) were started in the month of December, 1984 and was intended to be completed by April, 1985. The work of sewe-Tage has already been completed and the sewers are functioning. The progress of the work relating to water supply is 70 per cent.

(c) 'and (d) The D. D. A. has reported that delay in completion of these works has been due to constraints of funds and in the case of sewerage, due also to tat? receipt of approval from Delhi Adminhtra. tion for road cutting. The work relating ^o laying the remaining length of Water

supply lines and construction of a underground tank alongwith pump house and pumps shall be completed by the D. D. A. ' as the funds are provided by the Delhi Administration for he purpose under *the* Plan Scheme covering these works.

SHRI LAXMI NARAIN: Has the permission for road cutting been received?

SHRIMATI MOHSINA KIDWAI: Yes,, it is received now and th» work is going on. Regarding water supply line, about 3000 metre pipeline for water supply is to be laid. Out of this already 2500 metre pipeline has ah"eady been laid.

SHRI VISHWA BANDHU GUPTA: Mr. Chairman, Sir, I would like to ask if there Is any mechanism for monitoring this kind of work done by the DDA and so on. Generally, we are getting a lot of complaints about work not being completed on time. So what is the mechanism of monitoring in the Ministry, whether it is monthly, six-monthly of yearly?

SHRIMATI MOHSINA KIDWAI: Sir, there is a system of monitoring and we are monitoring, but the problem is that some works come uder DDA and some und-. r MCD. This is meant for the resettlement colonies. The number of the resettlement colonies is 24 and for all these colonies necessary fund has to be there. Every year budget allocation is made for giving them amenities like water supply, *seve*-rage, roads, paths, etc. So, without proper funds, it is difficult for these institutions to complete the works in time.

Registration granted under insecticides Act

*325: SHRI ASHOK NATH VERMA: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Regist ration Committee of the Central Issecticides Bureau had granted registrations to various parties under section 9(3) of the Insecticides Act during the last three * years, if so what are the details of the parties, with their products and the dates of granting such provisional registrations together with the terms and conditions; end

(b) whether it is also a fact that any of the parties who had been granted registration tinder section 9^3B) of the Act, had fulfilled the' statutory conditions laid down by the Registration Committee after the grant of registration under section 9(3) of the Act, if so, what are the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND COOPERATION IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI YO-GENDRA MAKWANA); (a) and (b) A Statement is laid on the Table of the . Sabha.

Statement

(a) Yes, Sir. The Registration Cornmittee has registered various products under section 9(3b) of Insecticides Act

in favour of different parties during the last 3 years. Details of the names of the parties, the products and date of grant of registration are given in Annexure-

Where the Registration Committee is of the opinion that the insecticide is being introduced for the first time in India, it has the powers, pending any inquiry to regis er it provisionally for a period of two years on such conditions as may be specified by it. The provisional registration as mentioned above is granted by the Registration Cornmittee affer its. *prima facie* satisfaction on the safety and efficacy of the product. \ However, to ful fil the requirements of grant of regular registration under Section 9(3) of the Act, the Committee stipulates various terms and conditions partaining to Chemistry, Bio-effectiveness., Residues, Toxicity, Packaging and Labelling, Shelf-life- etc. on the certificate of provisional registration.

During the pendency of the provisional registration the Registration Committee can allow the import of insecticide the quantity depending on the safety and efficacy requirements.

(b) A number of parties have fulfilled the conditions of provisional registration granted under Section 9(3B) of the Act; and consequently they have been granted regular registration under Section 9(3). The names of such products and parties are given in Annexure-IT.

Annexure-I

Details of parties and products "ho have been granted provisional registration under section 9(3 B) ofthe Act, during last three years

SI. No.	Product	Party	Date of issuance of pro' isioal registration	Quantum of import allowed, if any
1	2	3	4	5
1	Triforine	. M's. E. M?rck India Ltd., Bombay.	12-6-85	275 Kgs.
2	Chlorothalonil	M's. Diamond S'rmwk Pvt. Ltd., Bombay.	23-9-3*	NJ rsstriction.
3	Fosetyl-Al.	. M/s. May & Baker (India) Ltd., Bombay.	19-9-86	800 Kgs.
4	Fosctyl-Al.	. M/s. Sur ksha Chemicals & Engineers, Bombay.	19-9-86	52 MT Tech. grade or 65 MT of Formuhtion.
5	Indiara	. Ms. Harringer Bright Institute, Pune.	10-4-87	Nil, because of indigenous manu-tacture.
6	Propetamphos	. M's. Sando? (India) Ltd., Bombay.	26-3-87	100 Kgs.
7	Bromodiolone	. M 's. Pest Control (I idia) Pvt. Ltd., Bombay.	24-9-85	No restriction.
8	Bitertanol	. M's. Bayer (India) Ltd., Bombay.	26-3-87	No restriction.
9	Bitertanol.	. M/s. Sur ksha Chemicals & Engineers, Bombay.	26-3-87	20 MT Per annum of 25% WP formulation.

1	2	3	4	5.
10	Metalaxyl'.	. M|s. Hindustan Ciba Geigy Ltd., Bombay.	11-6-85	6 MT.
11	Dicamba	. Mis. Hindustan Levers, Bombay.	25-11-86	No restriction.
12	Dithianon.	. M|s. E. M rck, Bombay.	7-1-86	No restriction.
13	Thiophonate Methyl	. M|s. Motilal Pesticides, Mathura.	24-12-86	No restriction. %

Annexure-H

Details of parties and the products who have fulfilled the require wnt'conditions of registration issue J under section 9(3 R) *ofthe Act*

SI. No.	Product	Pmty
1	Acephate.	Ms, Bharat. PulverKini; Mills, Bombay.
2	Allethrin.	Mi. Sur Chemicals, Calcutta.
3	Cypcrmethrin	M's. IEL, Ltd., Calcutta. M 's, Bharat Pulverising Mills. Bombay. M/s. National Organic Chemical Industries Ltd., Bombay.
4	Decamelhrin	, M's. Hoechst (India) Ltd., Bombay.
5	Femalerete	.. M ' s . Rallis India Ltd., Bangalore.
6	Isoproturon	..... M's. Hoechst India Ltd., Bombay. M/s. May & Baker (India) Ltd., Bombay.
7	Pendimethaiin.	..... M's. Cynamid (India) Ltd., Bombay.
8		

SHRI ASHOK NATH VERMA: Sir. it it. mandatory provision under section. *9(4)* of the Industrial Act where a product is duly registered, any other person can apply for registration for the same product and get the registration on payment of prescribed fee. But it is a matter of surprise that the Registration Com-miir?e of C. LB. is asking for many un-called requirements from the new entrepreneurs, which *in* fact is not at necessary. It creates problems for the new entrepreneurs to get the registration in . time. T i the Government aware of the difficult!- ? *It* so, what action Govern-ment *h?* taken to simplify the procedure?

SHRI 'YOGENDRA MAKWANA: Sir, pesticides are very dangeraua chemi-exnmin". the efficacy and safety of these chemical as heir toxicity and that takes time. Unless the data is provided by the entre-preneur, it is not possible for the committee to decide about its registration and that takes time.

SHRI ASHOK NATH VERMA; Sir,. the prpcedhre is unnecessarily complicated. It is not properly communicated to the parties who need registration under section 9(4). It has created a group of louts in the CIB office which speeds up

the process of registration by getting money. This leads to corruption and corrupt practices in the CIB office. Is the Government aware of the corrupt p. s in this office? If so, what action the Government taken in this matter?

SHRl YOGENDRA MAKWANA: So far we have not come across any specific If the hon. Member has any particular case of corruption in mind, he I bring ii to my notice and I will take iction.

SHRI A. G. KULKARNI: Sir, if we go through the Statement, it seems that is mostly the multinational companies which have been granted the permission to manufacture insecticides. I am aware • of the fact that during the last eight or ten years, the smalt scale industries-which hive applied for registration have been ted on the ground that they have got adequate capacity for laboratory For this also a suggestion has a made by the Small Scale Industries Delations that thcre are national labo-ries where this can be done. But it seems that the multinationals have got a better say and a better go with the Ministry so that their products are being cleared. I want to know what is the share of these companies which have been granted permission in the total production of insecticides is this country and whether the Ministry is ever going to consider that these small scale industries in the country, which have mostly been setup chemical engineers etc., should get a chance foi manufacturing these items.

. SHRl YOGENDRA MAKWANA; Sir, I do ^{no}t agree with the 'hon. Member when he says that the Government helps 5 the multinationals.

SHRI A. G. KULKARNI: He never trees with me.

SHRl YOGENDRA MAKWANA; It is the policy of ihe Government t_0 help the small scale sector also. As I said earlier, a number of things have to be examined, particularly toxicity of the chemicals which affect ths human beings veil as animals. And' unless these are examined, the registration dannot be given. So whenever the small scalfc industry also comes *tor* registration, we examine the data submitted by it, process it and $_t$hen the registration; s granted. A number of small scale industries are also registered. Not in this list. These are small lists. But there are a number of smaii scale industries which are registered. They also manufacture pesticides.

SHRI RAJNI RANJAN SAHU: Sir, >er Statement-l, provisional registration under section 9(3B)' has been granted for 13 products to multinationals. I would like to know from the hon. Minis! er what is t'ne quantum of import and what is the amount of foreign exchange lived is there any proposal to encourage parties to manufacture indigen-ously? Are there any laboratories to facilitate, them?

SHRI OGENDRA MAKWANA. Sir, the quantum is mentioned; n column 5.

SHRI RAJNI RANJAN SAHU; This is about registration. Whether they have actually imported these quantities. You have somewhere sa'd "no restriction".

SHRI YOGENDRA MAKWANA; Sir, when they approach for provisional registration, after examining all issues they registered provisionally and the quantity is fixed for import, it is generally for test and trial. Now we do not know whether they have imported or not. But they carfliot exceed that limit. That much we know because i has to be checked by the Ministry.

SHRI RAJNI RANJAN SAHU; But in case where there is no restriction.

SHRl YOGENDRA MAKWANA. But there are a number of such entrepreneurs who get registration bu^ never work and, therefore, we are. considering to make a provision that jf they do not put the registration r, o use within three years, then we can cancel the registration.

Ul VITHALRAO MADHAVRAO JADHAV; Sir, May I know from the honourable Minister—as my friend, Apa Saheb Kulkarni, has asked—what is the actual share of the sm'aH-scale units in

the production of insecticides in this country? We know that there are three agencies which are; nvolved. in the production of insecticides—multinationals big national industries and small-scale industries. I want *to* know categorically what is the share Of the small-scale industries which are involved in the production of insecticides.

SHRI YOGENDRA MAKWANA: Sir, this question does not arise out of the main question put by the honourable Member. I require separate notice for this.

SHRI JAGESH DESAI; Sir, sometime back the honourable Minister has said that for small-scale industries als$_0$ they are giving registration. I would like to know from the honourable Minister how many small-scale industries had applied for provisional registration and how many were given. registration between 1-4-1985 and 31-3-1987.

MR. CHAIRMAN; This does not arise out of the question. Please put a separate question.

Production cost of urea

*326-. SHRI CHIMANBHAI MEHTA: f SHRI SAGAR RAYKA. '

Will the Minister AGRICULTURE be pleased to refer to the reply to Unstarr-ed Question 1175 given in the Rajya Sabha on 6th March 1987 an dstate:

(a) what measures are being taken for reducing the cost, of production of urea;

(t>) whether it is a fact that the co -[J] operative sector is performing better as compared to the public and private sector fertiliser companies and if so the details thereof, sector-wise, indicating the production capacity, the actual production and t'ne norms of production; and

(c) what are the reasons for the inferior performence of the public sector lizer plants?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF FERTILIZERS IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI R. PRABHU); (a) to (c) A statement is laid on the Table of the House.

Statement

(a) Fertilizer production units are tak ing steps t° reduce the cost of produc tion of Urea through higher capacity utilisation and lower consumption of feedstock and inputs.

(b) , Yes, Sir. The requisite details for the year 1986-87 are as follows: —

Sector	Inst Capacity (in lakh tonnes of N+P)	Acu I C pciiy Production (in lakh tonnes of N+-P)	utilisation (NIP)	N rm of Gipacif utilisation as l down for fixation retention prices
Public Sector				*m*
Sick Units...	13 07	6. 00	43. 9%	Ammonia—80%
Others	33. 18	24. 72	74. 5%	Phospheric Acid—70
Total (Public Sector)	46. 25	30-72	66. 4 „	
Cooperative Sector	15. 07	14-60	96	
Private Sector	27. 78	25. 38	91. 4',	

♦The questio$_n$ was actually asked on the flour of the House by Shri Chimanbhai Mtuta.